

How Community Energy grapples with organizational inclusiveness- Germany

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WHO WE ARE

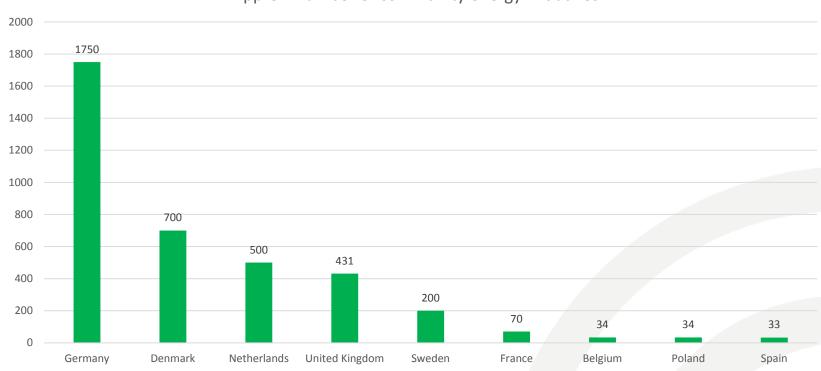


- Association for community energy in Germany
- Founded in 2014: context
- About 250 members, many coops and local initiatives
- Broad concept of "citizen energy"

COMMUNITY ENERGY



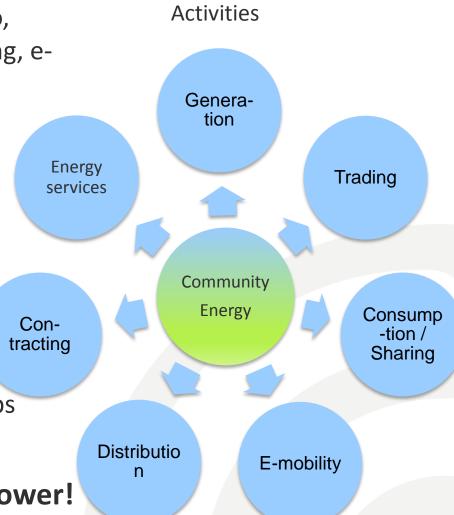
Approx. number of community energy initiatives



Source: JRC based on various sources, 2019

IMPORTANT ACTORS FOR COMMUNITY POWER BBEN

- Technologies: wind, solar, small hydro, bioenergy, heat pumps, district heating, evehicles
- Structure/ownership: cooperative, association, partnership, stock companies, development trust
- Geographical spread (from local to nation-wide, from a few to thousands of members)
- Membership motivation and socio-economic innovation (bioenergy villages, co-housing, agro coops
- → High expertise on community power!



INCLUSIVENESS OF ORGANIZATIONS – LOCALLY AND NATIONALLY



- Community energy movement based both locally and nationally
- Different aspects of inclusiveness on different levels



INCLUSIVENESS OF LOCAL PROJECTS

- Governance aspect: higly inclusive (coop principle), even in "GmbHs & Co. KG" projects (private II companies)
- Finanancial aspects: low thresholds prevalent;
 minimum investments low

Diversity aspects/ societal inclusion...



RESEARCH ON INCLUSIVENESS OF LOCAL PROJECTS

- "between the common good and private returns"
- Research shows: male members and higher income groups are highly represented in local projects
- Gender balance not in place
- Very few members that have a family history of migration



SOCIETAL INCLUSIVENESS

- More of a cultural/communication/power issue than a financial issue
- (soft) Power in local initiatives should be more balanced in terms of diversity
- Diversity of actors (women, migrants); diversity of income groups has to be implemented into the local culture
- Good regulartory framework is paramount: political will crucial



INCLUSIVENESS OF THE NATIONAL MOVEMENT

- More of a political movement than local economic activity
- Focus on regulation
- Tendency on technological difficulties ("engineer spirit") rules energy association sector – "male" culture
- Mirror of inclusiveness shortcomings of local projects



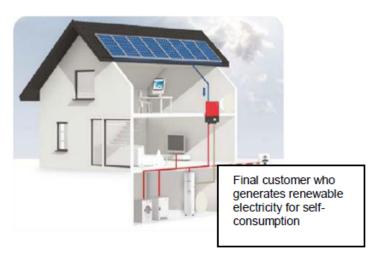
INCLUSIVENESS OF THE NATIONAL MOVEMENT

- Shortcomings: gender, income, cultural diversity, and: age
- What do we do against this?
- Communication campaigns/ focusing on gender equality
- Fighting for good regulatory frameworks



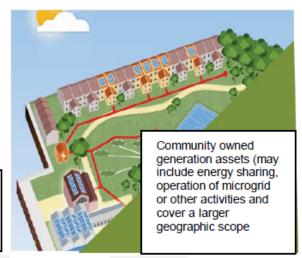
SELF-CONSUMPTION AND ENERGY COMMUNITIES MODELS ON ENERGY SHARING

collective self-consumption



Sharing of generation among several local consumers

energy community



PROGRESS ON TRANSPOSITION IN GERMANY @ BBEn



RED Art. 21 (individual & collective self-consumption)	Transposition process
New rules for self-consumption	
Rules enabling collective self-consumption	~
Distinction betw. individual and collective self-consumers	
Rules enabling p2p trading	
No double levies/fees for energy storage use	
RED Art. 22 (renewable energy communities RECs)	i S
Definition of RECs (existing not RED compatible)	10 60. SOS/SOTI
Sharing of energy within RECs	200
Assessment of existing barriers/potential for development of RECs	2
Enabling framework for RECs (removing barriers, discimination)	68
EMD Art. 16 (citizen energy communities)	SI S
Ö	
Definition and relationship in regard to RECS	
Facilitation of energy transmission within CECs by DSOs	

HOW TO UNLEASH COMMUNITY POWER??? BBEn



THANK YOU

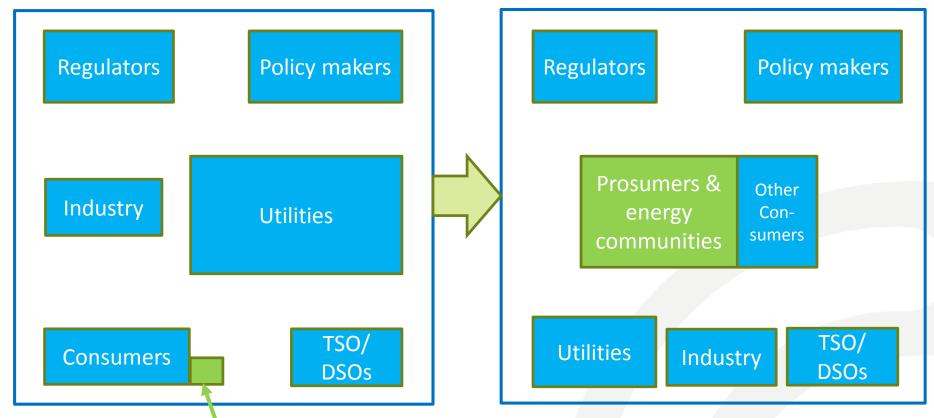


OUR STRONG VISION



Today's typical European energy system (national)

Future European Energy Union



Prosumers and energy communities